

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



CITY OF TAFT, TEXAS ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ELECTED OFFICIALS

MAYOR RANDY POWELL

CITY COUNCIL LOLO HERNANDEZ

LEONARD VASQUEZ

ROLANDO RODRIGUEZ

JOADRIAN VARA

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

CITY MANAGER MELISSA GONZALEZ

FINANCE DIRECTOR MARY ALICE SANDOVAL

CITY SECRETARY JENNIFER PINEDA

POLICE CHIEF PONCE TREVINO

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FINANCIAL SECTION



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Taft, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Taft, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Taft's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

City of Taft's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Taft, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to the City's net pension and total other postemployment benefit liabilities, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Taft's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 29, 2022 on our consideration of City of Taft's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Taft's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vauspin of Associatio, P.C.

April 29, 2022

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Taft, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Taft for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2021 by \$6.8 million (net position). Of this amount \$353 thousand (unrestricted net position), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position decreased \$132 thousand.
- As of September 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.4 million, a decrease of \$133 thousand. The decrease was primarily caused by less support from the City's utility funds.
- The City purchased a new fire truck with a note payable, but total debt only increased \$6 thousand.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as the introduction of the City of Taft, Texas' basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business financial presentation.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through their user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, debt service, special revenue funds, and capital projects. The business-type activities of the City include a water utility, wastewater utility, and sanitation (garbage) fund.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary, and utilize different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available for current spending, as well as on balances of resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains several governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major (significant) funds individually. Data from the other (nonmajor) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Details of the nonmajor governmental funds are presented in the other supplementary information section. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds except capital projects. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds – The City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units within the City. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City maintains three different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operation and maintenance of its water utility, wastewater utility, and sanitation (garbage) operations.

<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's general fund budgetary comparisons and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other postemployment benefits to its employees and retirees.

The combining statements referred to earlier as the City's nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6.8 million (net position). Of this amount \$353 thousand (unrestricted net position) is available for any lawful City purpose.

The largest portion of the City's net position (80%) is its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

			Net Pe	osition		
	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2021	2020*	2021	2020*	2021	2020*
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 2,611,243	\$ 2,274,164	\$ 630,725	\$ 804,130	\$ 3,241,968	\$ 3,078,294
Capital Assets	4,955,963	5,043,507	5,376,793	5,565,945	10,332,756	10,609,452
Total Assets	7,567,206	7,317,671	6,007,518	6,370,075	13,574,724	13,687,746
Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	70,617	87,844	84,270	82,517	154,887	170,361
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities	1,013,830	541,174	239,054	624,989	1,252,884	1,166,163
Long-term Liabilities	929,025	654,171	4,642,288	4,957,623	5,571,313	5,611,794
Total Liabilities	1,942,855	1,195,345	4,881,342	5,582,612	6,824,197	6,777,957
Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	48,510	86,302	59,895	65,303	108,405	151,605
Net Position						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	4,561,585	4,918,415	905,160	790,981	5,466,745	5,709,396
Restricted	977,167	730,448	-	-	977,167	730,448
Unrestricted	107,706	475,005	245,391	13,696	353,097	488,701
Total Net Position	\$ 5,646,458	\$ 6,123,868	\$ 1,150,551	\$ 804,677	\$ 6,797,009	\$ 6,928,545
			. — — — — —			

^{*2020} has been restated to reflect the results of a prior period adjustment

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

During the year ending September 30, 2021, the City's net position decreased by \$132 thousand. Increased police and street expenses led to the decrease.

The following table indicates changes in net position for the governmental and business-type activities for the City as of September 30, 2021.

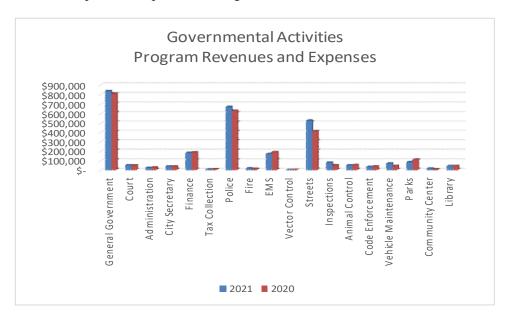
			Changes in	Net Position		
	Government	tal Activities		pe Activities	To	otal
Revenues:	2021	2020*	2021	2020*	2021	2020*
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 211,919	\$ 148,789	\$ 2,637,158	\$ 2,661,336	\$ 2,849,077	\$ 2,810,125
Operating Grants and						
Contributions	111,941	36,926	-	-	111,941	36,926
Capital Grants and						
Contributions	20,208	-	-	-	20,208	-
General Revenues						
Taxes						
Property Taxes	828,101	825,430	-	-	828,101	825,430
Sales Tax	366,652	370,815	-	-	366,652	370,815
Franchise Taxes	120,932	115,954	-	-	120,932	115,954
Occupancy Taxes	3,725	2,760	-	-	3,725	2,760
General Grants	165,261	-	-	-	165,261	-
Investment Farnings	28	51	-	-	28	51
Miscellaneous	141,564	250,522	-	720	141,564	251,242
Total Revenues	1,970,331	1,751,247	2,637,158	2,662,056	4,607,489	4,413,303
Ermong og s						
Expenses:	920 102	012.057			920 102	012.057
General Government Court	839,192	812,057	-	-	839,192	812,057 52,562
	55,803 29,281	53,562 32,685	-	-	55,803 29,281	53,562 32,685
Administration	*		-	-		*
City Secretary Finance	44,449	44,594	-	-	44,449	44,594
	187,665	192,589	-	-	187,665	192,589
Tax Collection Police	13,899 672,232	15,875 633,050	-	-	13,899 672,232	15,875
Fire	23,312	*	-	-	23,312	633,050
EMS	175,620	18,958 195,590	-	-	175,620	18,958 195,590
Vector Control	5,404	6,308	-	-	5,404	6,308
Streets	530,966	*	-	-	530,966	415,890
Inspections	84,337	415,890 55,283	-	-	84,337	55,283
Animal Control	56,169	58,707	-	-	56,169	58,707
Code Enforcement	39,699	44,538	-	-	39,699	44,538
Vehicle Maintenance	76,276	44,338 49,571	-	-	76,276	44,338
Parks	88,349	117,559	-	-	88,349	117,559
Community Center	22,873	15,226	-	-	22,873	15,226
Library	47,763	47,486	-	-	47,763	47,486
Water	-7,703	-7,700	780,517	854,469	780,517	854,469
Wastewater	_	_	401,667	352,881	401,667	352,881
Sanitation	_	-	546,543	486,597	546,543	486,597
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees	17,009	4,440	540,543	400,397	17,009	4,440
Total Expenses	3,010,298	2,813,968	1,728,727	1,693,947	4,739,025	4,507,915
1						
INCREASE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS	(1,039,967)	(1,062,721)	908,431	968,109	(131,536)	(94,612)
	(-,,,,,,,)	(-,002,721)	, 00, .51	, 00,107	(101,000)	(> .,012)
Transfers In (Out)	562,557	1,124,888	(562,557)	(1,124,888)		-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(477,410)	62,167	345,874	(156,779)	(131,536)	(94,612)
BEGINNING NET POSITION	6,123,868	6,061,701	804,677	961,456	6,928,545	7,023,157
ENDING NET POSITION	\$ 5,646,458	\$ 6,123,868	\$ 1,150,551	\$ 804,677	\$ 6,797,009	\$ 6,928,545

^{*2020} has been restated to reflect the results of a prior period adjustment

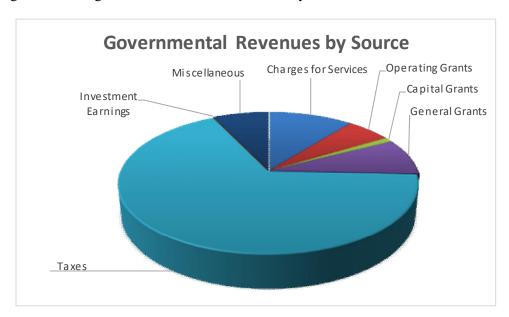
Governmental Activities – Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$132 thousand. Key elements are as follows:

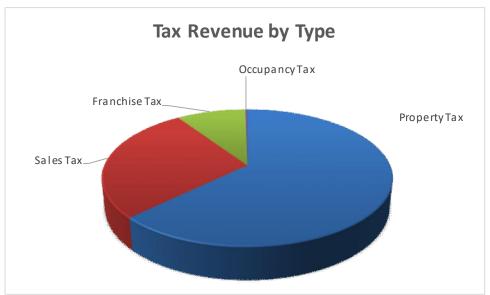
- Governmental activities expenses increased \$197 thousand from streets and police.
- Revenues increased, however utility funds were not able to contribute as much support as in the past.

Below is a chart which depicts the expenses for all governmental activities.



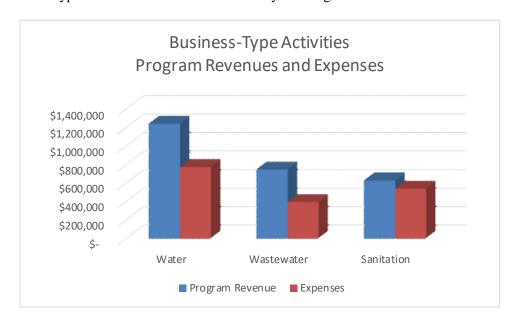
The following charts show governmental activities revenues by source and a breakdown of taxes by type.





Business-Type Activities - The City's business-type activities consist solely of water, wastewater, and sanitation (garbage) operations. These activities have rates and spending plans established by the City Council. All three activities had positive changes in net position in 2021. Wastewater and sanitation were able to report positive balances in unrestricted net position of \$222 thousand and \$29 thousand, respectively. However, because of investments in capital assets, the water fund reported a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$6 thousand.

A comparison between expenses and program revenues (charges for services) follows. The major revenue source for business-type activities consists almost entirely of charges for services.



The revenues in the current fiscal year for the business-type activities were largely unchanged, decreasing less than 1%. The total expenses for the business-type activities increased by \$35 thousand or 2%.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Taft uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.4 million, consisting of \$557 thousand in the General Fund, \$372 thousand in Debt Service and \$432 thousand in total nonmajor funds. The General Fund balance decreased \$212 thousand as the utility funds were not able to provide as much support as in the past. Of the \$1.4 million fund balance, \$358 thousand is unassigned in the General Fund.

The General Fund has an additional \$355 thousand in American Rescue Plan grant money with another \$355 thousand expected in 2022. These amounts are not included in fund balance as they are not earned until the City spends the funds. The potential uses of these funds are fairly broad.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund – One amendment was made to the original budget, primarily to allow for pandemic and winter storm costs funded by insurance and grant funds and the purchase of a fire truck. The final budget anticipated adding \$392 thousand to fund balance. The City's actual expenditures were under budget, however, revenues fell short of the final budget and the support from the utility funds was less than expected. Consequently, the General Fund balance decreased \$212 thousand. The revenues were also short of the budget because the American Rescue Plan was not spent as expected. That revenue is not expected to be earned in 2022.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021 amounted to \$10.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, roads, park facilities, the water and wastewater system plants and service lines, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress. The City removed several old, fully depreciated items from the inventory in 2021. Current year additions were primarily a new fire truck. More information is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	Govern	nmental	Busines	ss-Type		
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	To	tal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Land	\$ 10,524	\$ 10,524	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,524	\$ 10,524
Construction in Progress	39,057	9,300	-	-	39,057	9,300
Total Not Depreciated	49,581	19,824	-		49,581	19,824
Buildings and Improvements	5,857,282	5,857,282	28,970	32,668	5,886,252	5,889,950
Streets and Infrastructure	11,489,065	11,489,065	-	-	11,489,065	11,489,065
Machinery and Equipment	773,337	2,482,130	214,592	593,896	987,929	3,076,026
Water and Sewer System	-	-	10,290,865	10,290,865	10,290,865	10,290,865
Accumulated Depreciation	(13,213,302)	(14,804,794)	(5,157,634)	(5,351,484)	(18,370,936)	(20,156,278)
Total Depreciated	4,906,382	5,023,683	5,376,793	5,565,945	10,283,175	10,589,628
Total	\$ 4,955,963	\$ 5,043,507	\$ 5,376,793	\$ 5,565,945	\$ 10,332,756	\$ 10,609,452

Long-Term Debt – As of September 30, 2021, the City had total debt outstanding of \$5.0 million. The General Fund executed a new note for the fire truck purchase. No new debt was entered into by the utility funds. More information about the City's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	To	otal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Certificates of Obligation Series 2010 Notes Payable	\$ - 516,233	\$ - 206,969	\$ 4,388,857 82,776	\$ 4,657,537 117,427	\$ 4,388,857 599,009	\$ 4,657,537 324,396
TOTALS	\$ 516,233	\$ 206,969	\$ 4,471,633	\$ 4,774,964	\$ 4,987,866	\$ 4,981,933

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's budget for 2022 has few changes from 2021. The tax rate is also remaining the same at \$0.77 cents per \$100 valuation. The City has \$710 thousand available from the American Rescue Plan that will be utilized. No major changes to City services or departments are anticipated.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the finance department, at the City of Taft, 501 Green Avenue, Taft, Texas 78390.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
 - o Governmental funds
 - o Proprietary funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



CITY OF TAFT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Primary Governmer	nt	Compon	ent Units
	Governmental	Business-Type		Taft Economic	Taft Quality Improvement
	Activities	Activities	Total	Development	Corporation
ASSETS Cook and Cook Equivalents	\$ 1,965,330	\$ 124,663	\$ 2.089.993	\$ 198,734	\$ 85,638
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 1,965,330 10,203	\$ 124,663	\$ 2,089,993 10,203	\$ 198,734 128,277	\$ 85,638
Receivables (net of allowances):	10,203	_	10,203	120,277	_
Property Taxes	267,099	_	267,099	_	_
Sales Tax	64,610	_	64,610	25,844	12,922
Other	266,646	513,624	780,270	-	-
Prepaid Expenses	20,781	-	20,781	-	2,200
Inventory	-	9,012	9,012	-	-
Internal Balances	16,574	(16,574)	-	-	-
Capital Assets:					
Land	10,524	-	10,524	415,920	-
Construction in Progress	39,057	-	39,057	-	-
Buildings and Improvements (net)	1,441,808	-	1,441,808	-	-
Streets and Infrastructure (net)	2,919,085	161 127	2,919,085	-	62,639
Machinery and Equipment (net) Water and Sewer System (net)	545,489	161,127 5 215 666	706,616 5,215,666	-	62,639
TOTAL ASSETS	7,567,206	5,215,666 6,007,518	13,574,724	768,775	163,399
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Pension Related Outflows	64,886	73,056	137,942	_	_
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows	5,731	11,214	16,945	_	_
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	70,617	84,270	154,887		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	466,825	47,888	514,713	-	-
Accrued Interest Payable	5,692	3,026	8,718	-	-
Accrued Wages	47,079	13,092	60,171	-	-
Customer Deposits Payable	-	165,531	165,531	-	-
Accrued Compensated Absences	24,902	9,517	34,419	-	-
Unearned Grant Revenue	469,332	_	469,332	-	-
Long-term Liabilities					
Due in One Year	66,669	297,154	363,823	24,537	-
Due in More than One Year	449,564	4,174,479	4,624,043	221,689	-
Net Pension Liability	340,615	141,068	481,683	-	-
Total Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	72,177	29,587	101,764	_	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,942,855	4,881,342	6,824,197	246,226	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	36,190	46,316	82,506	_	_
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows	12,320	13,579	25,899		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	48,510	59,895	108,405		
NATION OF THE PARTY OF THE PART					
NET POSITION	4.5(1.505	005.160	5 466 745	160 604	(2, (20)
Net Investment In Capital Assets	4,561,585	905,160	5,466,745	169,694	62,639
Restricted For:	100 516		100 51 6		
Debt Service	488,516	-	488,516	-	-
Municipal Court	116,756	-	116,756	-	-
Animal Control	29,190	-	29,190	-	-
Fire Department	119,184	-	119,184	-	-
Police	11,007	-	11,007	-	-
Street Maintenance	155,514	-	155,514	-	-
Radios	57,000	-	57,000	-	-
Unrestricted	107,706	245,391	353,097	352,855	100,760
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5,646,458	\$ 1,150,551	\$ 6,797,009	\$ 522,549	\$ 163,399

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

CITY OF TAFT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

					Progra	m Revenues		
					0	perating	(Capital
			C	harges for	Gr	ants and	Gra	ints and
Functions and Programs]	Expenses	:	Services	Contributions		Con	tributions
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	839,192	\$	33,609	\$	-	\$	-
Court		55,803		89,579		-		-
Administration		29,281		-		-		-
City Secretary		44,449		-		-		-
Finance		187,665		-		-		-
Tax Collection		13,899		-		-		-
Police		672,232		15,414		15,641		-
Fire		23,312		-		50,787		-
EMS		175,620		60		45,513		-
Vector Control		5,404		-		-		-
Streets		530,966		-		-		20,208
Inspections		84,337		68,830		-		-
Animal Control		56,169		4,077		-		-
Code Enforcement		39,699		-		-		-
Vehicle Maintenance		76,276		-		-		-
Parks		88,349		-		-		-
Community Center		22,873		350		-		-
Library		47,763		-		-		-
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		17,009		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		3,010,298		211,919		111,941		20,208
Business-Type Activities								
Water Utility		780,517		1,248,844		-		-
Wastewater Utility		401,667		753,513		-		-
Sanitation		546,543		634,801		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities		1,728,727		2,637,158		-		-
Total Primary Government	\$	4,739,025	\$	2,849,077	\$	111,941	\$	20,208
Component Units:								
Taft Economic Development	\$	61,022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Taft Quality Improvement	\$	41,304	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes

Sales Tax

Franchise Taxes

Occupancy Taxes

General Grants and Donations

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Transfers In (Out)

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Position at End of Year

	Primary Government			 Compone	ent Unit	s
	(Expense) Revenue					
vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	on 	Total	Taft omomic elopment	Impi	t Quality rovement poration
\$ (805,583)	\$ -	\$	(805,583)			
33,776	-		33,776			
(29,281)	-		(29,281)			
(44,449)	-		(44,449)			
(187,665)	-		(187,665)			
(13,899)	-		(13,899)			
(641,177)	-		(641,177)			
27,475	-		27,475			
(130,047)	-		(130,047)			
(5,404)	-		(5,404)			
(510,758)	-		(510,758)			
(15,507)	-		(15,507)			
(52,092)	-		(52,092)			
(39,699)	-		(39,699)			
(76,276)	-		(76,276)			
(88,349)	-		(88,349)			
(22,523)	-		(22,523)			
(47,763)	-		(47,763)			
(17,009) (2,666,230)			(2,666,230)			
(2,000,230)			(2,000,230)			
-	468,327		468,327			
-	351,846		351,846			
<u> </u>	88,258		88,258			
	908,431		908,431			
(2,666,230)	908,431		(1,757,799)			
				\$ (61,022)	\$	(41,304)
828,101	_		828,101	_		_
366,652	-		366,652	146,661		73,330
120,932	-		120,932			
3,725	-		3,725	_		-
165,261	-		165,261	-		-
28	-		28	-		-
141,564			141,564	2,711		298
1,626,263			1,626,263	149,372		73,628
562,557	(562,557)		-	 -		-
(477,410)	345,874		(131,536)	88,350		32,324
5,969,860	801,499		6,771,359	442,583		131,075
154,008	3,178		157,186	(8,384)		-
\$ 5,646,458	\$ 1,150,551	\$	6,797,009	\$ 522,549	\$	163,399

CITY OF TAFT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Major	Funds			Other		
		General Fund		Debt Service	Gov	onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,176,519	\$	372,113	\$	416,698	\$	1,965,330
Investments		10,203		-		-		10,203
Receivables (net of allowances):								
Property Taxes		145,004		122,095		-		267,099
Sales Tax		51,688		-		12,922		64,610
Other		218,899		-		47,746		266,645
Due From Other Funds		16,574		-		5,612		22,186
Prepaid Items		20,781				-		20,781
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,639,668	\$	494,208	\$	482,978	\$	2,616,854
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	448,498	\$	-	\$	18,327	\$	466,825
Accrued Wages		47,079		-		-		47,079
Due to Other Funds		5,612		-		-		5,612
Unearned Grant Revenue		436,332		-		33,000		469,332
Total Liabilities		937,521		-		51,327		988,848
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		145,004		122,095		_		267,099
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		145,004		122,095		-		267,099
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Items		20,781		-		-		20,781
Restricted for:								
Debt Service		-		372,113		-		372,113
Municipal Court		-		-		116,756		116,756
Animal Control		-		-		29,190		29,190
Fire Department		-		-		119,184		119,184
Police Department		-		-		11,007		11,007
Street Maintenance		-		-		155,514		155,514
Radios		57,000		-		-		57,000
Fire Truck Purchase		121,855		-		-		121,855
Unassigned		357,507		-		-		357,507
Total Fund Balances		557,143		372,113		431,651		1,360,907
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,639,668	\$	494,208	\$	482,978	\$	2,616,854
AID FOID DILANCES	Ψ	1,000,000	Ψ	17 19200	Ψ	102,770	Ψ	2,010,007

CITY OF TAFT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 1,360,907
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		4,955,963
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recognized as revenue in the funds.		267,099
Accrued vacation leave payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		(24,901)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and related premiums, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, not reported in the funds:		
Notes Payable	(516,233)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(5,692)	(521,925)
Net Pension Liabilities (and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources) do not consume current financial resources are not reported in governmental funds:		
Net Pension Liability	(340,615)	
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	(36,190)	
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	64,886	(311,919)
OPEB Liabilities (and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources) do not consume current financial resources are not reported in governmental funds:		
OPEB Liability	(72,177)	
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows	(12,320)	
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	5,731	 (78,766)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 5,646,458

CITY OF TAFT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Sales and Mixed Beverage Taxes 293,322 - 73,330 36 Franchise Taxes 120,932 12 12 Occupancy Tax 3,725 12 12 Licenses and Permits 67,974 6 6 Grants and Donations 232,010 - 51,517 28 Fines and Forfeitures 89,887 - 14,705 10 Rental Income 30,368 2 Investment Eamings 27 10 Miscellaneous 164,433 10 TOTAL REVENUES 1,519,495 325,931 139,552 1,98 EXPENDITURES Current: Curtent: Court 58,704 6 6 Court 58,704 6 6 6 6 City Secretary 45,883 2 2 6 6 Finance 200,286 2 2 6 6 1 Folioce 680,951 - 500 <	al
REVENUES Fund Service Funds Funds Property Taxes \$ 516,817 \$ 325,931 \$ - \$ 88 Sales and Mixed Beverage Taxes 293,322 - 73,330 30 Franchise Taxes 120,932 - - 12 Occupancy Tax 3,725 - - 12 Licenses and Permits 679,974 - - - 6 Grants and Donations 232,010 - 51,517 22 - - - 6 6 Grants and Forfeitures 89,887 - 14,705 10 10 14,705 10 10 14,705 10 10 14,705 10 10 14,705 10 10 14,705 10 10 14,705 10 10 10 10 14,705 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10<	. 1
Property Taxes \$ 516,817 \$ 325,931 \$ - \$ 86 \$ 58 \$ 58 \$ 516,817 \$ 325,931 \$ - \$ 86 \$ 58 \$ 58 \$ 516,817 \$ 325,931 \$ - \$ \$ 86 \$ 58 \$ 58 \$ 516,817 \$ 325,931 \$ - \$ \$ 86 \$ 58 \$ 516,817 \$ 325,931 \$ - \$ \$ 58 \$ 516,817 \$ 325,932 \$ - \$ 73,330 \$ 36 \$ 516,817 \$ 26 \$ 26 \$	
Property Taxes	1s
Sales and Mixed Beverage Taxes 293,322 - 73,330 36 Franchise Taxes 120,932 12 Occupancy Tax 3,725 12 Licenses and Permits 67,974 6 Grants and Donations 232,010 - 51,517 28 Fines and Forfeitures 89,887 - 14,705 16 Rental Income 30,368 6 Investment Eamings 27 10 Miscellaneous 164,433 10 TOTAL REVENUES 1,519,495 325,931 139,552 1,98 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 678,232 6 6 Court 58,704 6 6 Court 58,704 6 6 City Secretary 45,883 6 6 City Secretary 45,883 2 6 Tax Collection 13,899 1 6 Fine Department 8,270 <t< td=""><td>12,748</td></t<>	12,748
Franchise Taxes 120,932 - - 12 Occupancy Tax 3,725 - - - Licenses and Permits 67,974 - - - 0 Grants and Donations 232,010 - 51,517 28 Fines and Forfeitures 89,887 - 14,705 10 Rental Income 30,368 - - - 3 Investment Earnings 27 - - - - 3 Miscellaneous 164,433 - - - 10 TOTAL REVENUES 1,519,495 325,931 139,552 1,98 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 678,232 - - - 66 Court 58,704 -	
Occupancy Tax 3,725 - - Licenses and Permits 67,974 - - 0 Grants and Donations 232,010 - 51,517 28 Fines and Forfeitures 89,887 - 14,705 10 Rental Income 30,368 - - - Investment Earnings 27 - - - Miscellaneous 164,433 - - - 16 TOTAL REVENUES 1,519,495 325,931 139,552 1,98 EXPENDITURES 2 - - - 66 Courent: 6 - - - 66 Courent: 58,704 - - - 66 Court 58,704 -<	66,652
Licenses and Permits 67,974 - - 0 Grants and Donations 232,010 - 51,517 28 Fines and Forfeitures 89,887 - 14,705 10 Rental Income 30,368 - - - Investment Earnings 27 - - - Miscellaneous 164,433 - - - 16 TOTAL REVENUES 1,519,495 325,931 139,552 1,98 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 678,232 - - - 66 Court 58,704 -	20,932
Grants and Donations 232,010 - 51,517 22 Fines and Forfeitures 89,887 - 14,705 10 Rental Income 30,368 - - - Investment Eamings 27 - - - Miscellaneous 164,433 - - - 10 TOTAL REVENUES 1,519,495 325,931 139,552 1,98 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 678,232 - - - 66 Court 58,704 - - - - 66 Court 58,704 - <td>3,725</td>	3,725
Fines and Forfeitures 89,887 - 14,705 10 Rental Income 30,368 - <td< td=""><td>57,974</td></td<>	57,974
Rental Income 30,368 - - 3 Investment Eamings 27 - - - Miscellaneous 164,433 - - - 16 TOTAL REVENUES 1,519,495 325,931 139,552 1,98 EXPENDITURES - - - 6 Court 58,704 - - - 6 Court 58,704 - <td>83,527</td>	83,527
Investment Earnings	04,592
Miscellaneous 164,433 - - 10 TOTAL REVENUES 1,519,495 325,931 139,552 1,98 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 678,232 - - 66 Court 58,704 - - 67 Administration 30,217 - - 67 City Secretary 45,883 - - - 20 Finance 200,286 - - 20 Tax Collection 13,899 - - - Police 680,951 - 500 68 Fire Department 8,270 - 2,985 1 EMS 175,000 - - 17 Vector Control 5,404 - - - Streets 172,376 - 33,460 20 Inspections 84,337 - - 6	30,368
TOTAL REVENUES 1,519,495 325,931 139,552 1,98 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 678,232 - - 66 Court 58,704 - - - - Administration 30,217 - <td< td=""><td>27</td></td<>	27
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 678,232 - - 66 Court 58,704 - - - 67 Administration 30,217 -	54,433
Current: General Government 678,232 - - 66 Court 58,704 - - - - Administration 30,217 - - - - City Secretary 45,883 -	84,978
Current: General Government 678,232 - - 66 Court 58,704 - - - - Administration 30,217 - - - - City Secretary 45,883 -	
General Government 678,232 - - 6 Court 58,704 - - - Administration 30,217 - - - City Secretary 45,883 - - - 20 Finance 200,286 - - 20 Tax Collection 13,899 - - - 1 Police 680,951 - 500 66 Fire Department 8,270 - 2,985 1 EMS 175,000 - - 17 Vector Control 5,404 - - - Streets 172,376 - 33,460 20 Inspections 84,337 - - 8	
Court 58,704 -	78,232
Administration 30,217 -	58,704
City Secretary 45,883 -	30,217
Finance 200,286 - - 20 Tax Collection 13,899 - - - Police 680,951 - 500 68 Fire Department 8,270 - 2,985 1 EMS 175,000 - - - 17 Vector Control 5,404 - - - Streets 172,376 - 33,460 20 Inspections 84,337 - - - 8	,
Tax Collection 13,899 - - - Police 680,951 - 500 68 Fire Department 8,270 - 2,985 1 EMS 175,000 - - - 17 Vector Control 5,404 - - - 33,460 20 Streets 172,376 - 33,460 20 Inspections 84,337 - - - 8	45,883
Police 680,951 - 500 680,951 Fire Department 8,270 - 2,985 EMS 175,000 170,000 170,000 Extrects 172,376 - 33,460 200,000 Extrects 84,337 8,000 Extrects 84,337	00,286
Fire Department 8,270 - 2,985 1 EMS 175,000 - - 17 Vector Control 5,404 - - - 33,460 20 Streets 172,376 - 33,460 20 20 Inspections 84,337 - - 8 8	13,899
EMS 175,000 - - 17 Vector Control 5,404 - - Streets 172,376 - 33,460 20 Inspections 84,337 - - 8	31,451
Vector Control 5,404 - - Streets 172,376 - 33,460 20 Inspections 84,337 - - - 8	11,255
Streets 172,376 - 33,460 20 Inspections 84,337 - - - 8	75,000
Inspections 84,337 8	5,404
	05,836
Animal Control 49,651 - 4.597	34,337
7-1-1	54,248
	41,176
	79,114
	77,177
·	21,683
·	51,962
Capital Outlay 442,794 - 19,414 46	52,208
Debt Service:	
Principal 22,045 - 15,678	37,723
Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,505 - 7,812	11,317
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,930,963 - 96,149 3,02	27,112
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures (1,411,468) 325,931 43,403 (1,041)	42,134)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
•	46,987
	52,757
	90,200)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	
SOURCES (USES) 1,199,744 (290,200) - 90)9,544
Net Change in Fund Balance (211,724) 35,731 43,403 (13	32,590)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 554,826 336,382 274,204 1,16	
	55 412
Fund Balances at End of Year \$ 557,143 \$ 372,113 \$ 431,651 \$ 1,30	65,412 28,085

CITY OF TAFT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ (132,590)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the stat of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful live reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlay	443,142	
Depreciation Expense	(530,686)	(87,544)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial res are not reported as revenues in the funds.	ources	(14,649)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial reto governmental funds, which the repayment of the principal of long-term debt the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how any affect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in treatment of long-term debt and related items.	consumes vever, has	
treatment of long-term deot and related nems.		
Issuance of Notes Payable	(346,987)	
	(346,987) 37,723	(309,264)
Issuance of Notes Payable		(309,264)
Issuance of Notes Payable Principal Repayments Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of the pension is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that actuarially determined pension		
Issuance of Notes Payable Principal Repayments Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of the pension is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that actuarially determined pension expense exceeded contributions. Governmental funds report required contributions to OPEB as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of the expense is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that actuarially determined OPEB expense exceeded contributions. Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	37,723	58,692
Issuance of Notes Payable Principal Repayments Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of the pension is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that actuarially determined pension expense exceeded contributions. Governmental funds report required contributions to OPEB as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of the expense is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that actuarially determined OPEB expense exceeded contributions. Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		58,692

CITY OF TAFT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities							
				jor Funds				
	Water		Wastewater		Sanitation		Total	
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	124,663	\$	-	\$	124,663
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance:								
Customer Accounts		250,596		143,302		119,726		513,624
Inventory		9,012		-		-		9,012
Total Current Assets		259,608		267,965		119,726		647,299
Nonurrent Assets:								
Capital Assets:								
Water and Wastewater System (net)		411,260	4	4,804,406		-		5,215,666
Equipment (net)		124,748		34,609		1,770		161,127
Total Noncurrent Assets		536,008	4	4,839,015		1,770		5,376,793
TOTAL ASSEIS		795,616		5,106,980		121,496		6,024,092
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Pension Related Outflows		34,656		19,217		19,183		73,056
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows		5,431		2,899		2,884		11,214
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		40,087		22,116		22,067		84,270
TOTAL ASSEIS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	835,703	\$:	5,129,096	\$	143,563	\$	6,108,362
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	16,469	\$	1,351	\$	30,068	\$	47,888
Accrued Wages	Ψ	8,061	Ψ	1,706	Ψ	3,325	Ψ	13,092
Accrued Interest		1,229		1,797		-		3,026
Customer Deposits Payable		165,531		´ <u>-</u>		-		165,531
Due to Other Funds		-		_		16,574		16,574
Accrued Compensated Absences		6,403		1,602		1,512		9,517
Current Portion of Long-term Debt		18,749		278,405		=		297,154
Total Current Liabilities		216,442		284,861		51,479		552,782
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Long-term Debt (Net of Current Portion)		39,889	4	4,134,590		-		4,174,479
Net Pension Liability		65,813		37,566		37,689		141,068
Total Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		13,960		7,810		7,817		29,587
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		119,662		4,179,966		45,506		4,345,134
TOTAL LIABILITIES		336,104		4,464,827		96,985		4,897,916
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		01.15		10.55		10 65 2		4.50.5
Deferred Pension Related Inflows		21,171		12,526		12,619		46,316
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows		6,721		3,447		3,411		13,579
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		27,892		15,973		16,030		59,895
NET POSITION				10 < 000		4		00=
Net Investment in Capital Assets		477,370		426,020		1,770		905,160
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(5,663)		222,276		28,778		245,391
TOTAL NET POSITION		471,707	-	648,296		30,548		1,150,551
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	835,703	\$:	5,129,096	\$	143,563	\$	6,108,362

CITY OF TAFT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities				
	Water	Wastewater	Sanitation	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for Services	\$ 1,191,171	\$ 753,513	\$ 634,801	\$ 2,579,485	
Penalties and Fees	21,698	-	-	21,698	
Other Charges	35,975			35,975	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,248,844	753,513	634,801	2,637,158	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel	158,110	102,836	114,041	374,987	
Administration and Other	102,070	60,251	40,801	203,122	
Maintenance	59,090	46,170	8,732	113,992	
Garbage Service	-	-	382,573	382,573	
Water Lease	431,986	-	-	431,986	
Depreciation	24,637	169,416	396	194,449	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	775,893	378,673	546,543	1,701,109	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	472,951	374,840	88,258	936,049	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest Expense	(4,624)	(22,994)	-	(27,618)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	(4,624)	(22,994)		(27,618)	
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	468,327	351,846	88,258	908,431	
TRANSFERS					
Transfers In	_	290,200	-	290,200	
Transfers Out	(320,119)	(532,638)	-	(852,757)	
TOTAL TRANSFERS	(320,119)	(242,438)		(562,557)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	148,208	109,408	88,258	345,874	
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	350,220	578,066	(126,787)	801,499	
Prior Period Adjustment	(26,721)	(39,178)	69,077	3,178	
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 471,707	\$ 648,296	\$ 30,548	\$ 1,150,551	

CITY OF TAFT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities				
	Major Funds				
	Water	Wastewater	Sanitation	Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Cash Received From Customers	\$ 1,382,317	\$ 800,168	\$ 657,762	\$ 2,840,247	
Cash Paid to Supplier for Goods & Services	(647,771)	(110,667)	(432,252)	(1,190,690)	
Cash Paid for Employee Salaries and Benefits	(171,841)	(111,020)	(119,677)	(402,538)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Operating Activities	562,705	578,481	105,833	1,247,019	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related					
Financing Activities:					
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(1,766)	(1,767)	(1,766)	(5,299)	
Principal on Long-Term Debt	(29,258)	(274,073)	_	(303,331)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	(3,395)	(23,847)	-	(27,242)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and					
Related Financing Activities	(34,419)	(299,687)	(1,766)	(335,872)	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing					
Activities:					
Transfers from (to) Other Funds	(528,286)	(242,438)	(104,067)	(874,791)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital					
Financing Activities	(528,286)	(242,438)	(104,067)	(874,791)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents	-	36,356	-	36,356	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year:		88,307		88,307	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year:	\$ -	\$ 124,663	\$ -	\$ 124,663	

CITY OF TAFT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities								
	Major Funds								
	Water		Wa	Wastewater		Sanitation		Total	
Reconciliation of Operating Income									
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by									
Operating Activities:									
Operating Income	\$	472,951	\$	374,840	\$	88,258	\$	936,049	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating									
Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided									
(Used) by Operating Activities:									
Depreciation		24,637		169,416		396		194,449	
Decrease (Increase) in Assets:									
Accounts Receivable (net)		124,976		46,655		22,961		194,592	
Deferred Pension Related Outflows		(230)		(91)		(87)		(408)	
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows		(756)		(302)		(287)		(1,345)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable		(54,625)		(4,246)		(146)		(59,017)	
Accrued Wages		1,840		(2,006)		(796)		(962)	
Compensated Absences		(4,794)		(1,881)		(749)		(7,424)	
Customer Deposits		8,497		-		-		8,497	
Net Pension Liability		(6,403)		(2,554)		(2,431)		(11,388)	
Total OPEB Liability		(347)		(138)		(131)		(616)	
Deferred Pension Related Inflows		(4,874)		(1,943)		(1,850)		(8,667)	
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows		1,833		731		695		3,259	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by									
Operating Activities	\$	562,705	\$	578,481	\$	105,833	\$	1,247,019	

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Taft, Texas (the "City"), was incorporated in 1890 under the provisions of the laws of the State of Texas. The City operates under a Home-Rule Charter, which was adopted October 5, 1951. The City operates with a Council-Manager type of government where the Mayor and four council members are elected on a rotating schedule. Council consists of two members from each ward. The financial statements of the City of Taft, Texas, are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governmental units as set forth by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the City's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the activities and funds relevant to the operations of the City of Taft. These operations include the police department, fire department, municipal court, street department, animal control, parks and recreation, and administration.

The governmental reporting entity consists of the City and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations, and data from these units are combined with the data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. The City has two discretely presented component units with a September 30 fiscal year end.

Discretely presented component units

The City of Taft Economic Development Corporation (EDC) and Taft Quality Improvement Corporation (TQIC) are separate nonprofits created from the election of Section 4B and 4A economic development sales tax, respectively. They are governed by boards appointed by City council. The corporations provides direct services and benefits to the City of Taft, its business community, and citizens. The Corporations have a financial and operational relationship which requires that their financial statements be discretely presented into the City's financial statements. Separate financial statements are not issued for the corporations.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. The values of interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the government-wide financial statements, as elimination of those charges would distort the direct costs reported for the various functions. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. The City has no fiduciary funds.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash revenue types, which have been accrued, revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as program revenues and general revenues. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 30 (thirty) days of the end of the current fiscal period. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible are reported as deferred inflows of resources. Property taxes which are levied prior to September 30, 2020, and became due October 1, 2020 have been assessed to finance the budget of the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2020 and, accordingly, have been reflected as deferred inflow of resources and taxes receivable in the fund financial statement at September 30, 2021.

Franchise taxes, hotel/motel taxes, interest and fees associated with the current fiscal year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. All other revenue items received by the government are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the City.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred.
- Current-year contributions, administrative expenses and benefit payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees. Primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, public works and recreation.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for financial resources to be used for the payment of long term debt.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Utility Fund accounts for water services provided to citizens and businesses.

<u>Wastewater Utility Fund</u> accounts for fees charged to citizens and businesses for sewage collection and treatment.

Sanitation Fund accounts for fees charged to citizens and businesses for trash collection.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City considers all highly liquid investments including cash in banks, cash on hand, and local government investment pools to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. <u>Investments</u>

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (d). Statutes allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

Investments are stated at fair value except for certificates of deposit and local government investment pools. Those investments are stated at amortized cost. The fair value framework uses a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2 - Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable values or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the City believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with those of other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Receivables

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1, 2020 and past due after January 31, 2021. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the City. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Short-Term Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on fund statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid Items of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include city-owned streets, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Us eful Lives
Asset	(Years)
Buildings	10-40
Streets and Infrastructure	10-40
Equipment	5-15
Water and Sewer System	10-50

J. Compensated Absences

The City's employees earn vacation and sick leave which may either be taken or accumulated, up to certain amounts. Only unused vacation will be paid upon resignation or retirement. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensatory time that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources is reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay for it. The City is responsible for payment of vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensatory time. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensatory time that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government wide statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensatory time of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to employees. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement). The general fund is the governmental fund that has typically been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

K. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City currently has deferred outflows related to a pension and other postemployment benefit.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The City also has pension and OPEB related deferred inflows.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deduction from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The general fund has typically been used in prior years to liquidate pension liabilities.

M. OPEB Liability

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and OPEB expense, information about the Total OPEB Liability of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deduction from TMRS's Total OPEB Liability have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The general fund has typically been used in the prior year to liquidate OPEB liabilities.

N. Long-Term Obligations

Debt is defined as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. For this purpose, debt does not include leases, except for contracts reported as a financed purchase of the underlying asset, or accounts payable.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premium and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the term of the related debt. Loss on refundings and bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

P. Fund Balance

Five categories of fund balances were created and defined by GASB 54. These five categories are as follows:

- <u>Non-spendable</u> These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. An example might by inventories and prepaid expenditures.
- Restricted These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions.
- <u>Committed</u> Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making (in this case the City Council). Any changes of this designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented. For example, if funds are committed by resolution, the commitment could only be released with another resolution.
- <u>Assigned</u> For funds to be assigned, there must be an intended use which can be established by the City Council or an official delegated by the Council, such as a City Manager or Finance Director. Assigned fund balance is delegated by the City Council to the Director of Finance.
- <u>Unassigned</u> This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for a specific purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that particular fund.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City's Council or its designated official has provided otherwise in its commitments or assignment actions.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Q. Inter-fund Transactions

Legally authorized transfers are treated as inter-fund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds.

R. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise. For the City, those revenues are charges for services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 -- CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City holds deposits at a financial institution that has pledged securities to collateralize deposits. All deposits as of September 30, 2021 were fully collateralize.

In addition, the City has purchased certificates of deposit that are reported as investments at amortized costs.

As of September 30, 2021 and for the year then ended, the City held no other investments.

NOTE 3 -- RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following as of September 30, 2021:

	Go	vern	mental Fun	ds		
				(Other	
			Debt	Nonmajor Funds		
	 General		Service			
Receivables:			_			
Property Taxes	\$ 161,116	\$	135,662	\$	-	
Sales Tax	51,688		-		12,922	
Purchase Refund	175,000		-		-	
Franchise Taxes	15,110		-		-	
Customers	1,727		-		-	
Grants	 27,062				47,746	
Gross Receivables	431,703		135,662		60,668	
Less: Allowance for						
Uncollectibles	 (16,112)		(13,567)			
Net Total Receivables	\$ 415,591	\$	122,095	\$	60,668	

						Districte						
	P	ropri	etary Funds		Component Units							
						Ec	onomic	Ç	uality			
	Water	Wa	astewater			Dev	elopment	Improvement				
	Utility	Utility		Sanitation		Corporation		Corporation				
Receivables:	 											
Sales Tax	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,844	\$	12,922			
Customers	 360,523		205,634		159,439				-			
Gross Receivables	 360,523		205,634		159,439		25,844		12,922			
Less: Allowance for												
Uncollectibles	(109,927)		(62,332)		(39,713)		-		-			
Net Total Receivables	\$ 250,596	\$	143,302	\$	119,726	\$	25,844	\$	12,922			
	 	-										

Discrete

NOTE 4 -- PROPERTY TAX

Taxes are levied on and payable as of October 1. The City has contracted with the San Patricio County Tax Assessor/Collector to collect taxes on its behalf. Current year taxes become delinquent February 1. Current year delinquent taxes not paid by July 1 are turned over to attorneys for collection action. For fiscal year 2021, the assessed tax rate for the City was \$0.77 per \$100 on an assessed valuation of \$97 million. This is broken out as \$0.497072 per \$100 for maintenance and operations and \$0.272928 per \$100 for debt retirement. Total City tax levy for fiscal year 2021 (tax year 2020) is \$763 thousand.

In addition, the City levies a similar tax on property deannexed in a prior year, but still responsible for debt service on outstanding obligations. For fiscal year 2021, the assessed tax rate for the deannexed property was \$0.246785 per \$100 on an assessed valuation of \$21 million. Total deannexed tax levy for fiscal year 2021 (tax year 2020) is \$53 thousand.

NOTE 5 -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:			-	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,524	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,524
Construction in Progress	9,300	29,757	-	39,057
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	19,824	29,757		49,581
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	5,857,282	-	-	5,857,282
Streets and Infrastructure	11,489,065	-	-	11,489,065
Machinery and Equipment	2,482,130	413,385	(2,122,178)	773,337
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	19,828,477	413,385	(2,122,178)	18,119,684
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(4,266,304)	(149,170)	-	(4,415,474)
Streets and Infrastructure	(8,244,310)	(325,670)	-	(8,569,980)
Machinery and Equipment	(2,294,180)	(55,846)	2,122,178	(227,848)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(14,804,794)	(530,686)	2,122,178	(13,213,302)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	5,023,683	(117,301)		4,906,382
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 5,043,507	\$ (87,544)	\$ -	\$ 4,955,963
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 32,668	\$ -	\$ (3,698)	\$ 28,970
Water/Wastewater System	10,290,865	-	-	10,290,865
Machinery and Equipment	593,896	5,297	(384,601)	214,592
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	10,917,429	5,297	(388,299)	10,534,427
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(32,668)	-	3,698	(28,970)
Water/Wastewater System	(4,897,836)	(177,363)	-	(5,075,199)
Machinery and Equipment	(420,980)	(17,086)	384,601	(53,465)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,351,484)	(194,449)	388,299	(5,157,634)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	5,565,945	(189,152)		5,376,793
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 5,565,945	\$ (189,152)	\$ -	\$ 5,376,793

NOTE 5 -- CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balance		Ad	Additions		Deletions		Ending Salance
Discrete Component Unit								
Taft Economic Development Corporation								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	415,920	\$	-	\$	-	\$	415,920
Total Assets		415,920		-		_		415,920
Taft Quality Improvement Corporation								
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Machinery and Equipment		100,690		-		-		100,690
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		100,690				-		100,690
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Machinery and Equipment		(31,338)		(6,713)		-		(38,051)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(31,338)		(6,713)				(38,051)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	69,352	\$	(6,713)	\$	-	\$	62,639

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions and business-type activities as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 149,258
Police	23,558
Fire	12,056
EMS	620
Streets	333,356
Animal Control	3,800
Parks	6,848
Community Center	 1,190
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 530,686
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Utility	\$ 24,637
Wastewater Utility	169,416
Sanitation	 396
Total Depreciation Expense - Business Type Activities	\$ 194,449

NOTE 6 -- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities at September 30, 2021 were comprised of the following items:

	Balance 9/30/2020		Additions		Reductions		Balance 9/30/2021		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Notes Payable	\$	206,969	\$	346,987	\$	(37,723)	\$	516,233	\$	66,669
Compensated Absences		42,256		24,902		(42,256)		24,902		24,902
Net Pension Liability		373,258		110,166		(142,809)		340,615		-
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		73,944		720		(2,487)		72,177		_
Total Governmental Activities		696,427	482,775		(225,275)		953,927			91,571
Business-Type Activities						(2.60, 600)		4 200 055		252 575
Certificates of Obligation	2	1,657,537		-		(268,680)		4,388,857		272,767
Notes Payable		117,427		-		(34,651)		82,776		24,387
Compensated Absences		16,942		9,517		(16,942)		9,517		9,517
Net Pension Liability		152,456		38,425		(49,813)		141,068		-
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		30,203		251		(867)		29,587		-
Total Business-Type Activities	4	1,974,565		48,193		(370,953)		4,651,805		306,671
Total Primary Government	\$ 5	5,670,992	\$	530,968	\$	(596,228)	\$	5,605,732	\$	398,242

Compensated absences and other postemployment benefit obligations for governmental activities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 7 -- DEBT

The City has two outstanding bond issues:

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2010 were issued in June 2010 through the Texas Water Development Board for a face amount of \$5.78 million. The bonds mature serially through 2042 and bear no interest. The bonds were issued to construct improvements to the wastewater system.

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2010 were issued in April 2010 for a face amount of \$1.0 million. The bonds were used to supplement the interest free bonds from the Texas Water Development Board for the wastewater system improvements. The bonds mature serially through 2025 and bear interest at 5.4%.

These bonds are primarily secured by future property tax levies, but also include a pledge of net revenues of the wastewater utility.

NOTE 7 -- DEBT (CONTINUED)

The Taft Economic Development Corporation signed a note payable in 2015 to purchase land for \$374 thousand. The note is secured by the land, bank deposits of the EDC and matures May 2030. The note requires monthly payments and bears interest at the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate, adjusted each May. The rate as of September 30, 2021 was 3.25% (the minimum allowed in the promissory note).

The City also utilizes 5-7 year notes to purchase equipment. These notes primarily require annual principal and interest payments and bear interest ranging from 2.99% to 4.99%. In 2021, the City entered into a new loan for a fire truck for \$346,987. This note requires ten annual payments of \$40,657, bears interest at 2.99% and is secured by the fire truck.

Changes in the debt for the year ending September 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Balance					Balance		Due Within	
	9	9/30/2020	A	dditions	Re	ductions	9	9/30/2021	O	ne Year
Governmental Activities:										
Private Placements:										
Notes Payable	\$	206,969	\$	346,987	\$	(37,723)	\$	516,233	\$	66,669
Total Governmental Activities	\$	206,969	\$	346,987	\$	(37,723)	\$	516,233	\$	66,669
Business-Type Activities:										
Private Placements:										
2010 Certificates	\$	421,537	\$	-	\$	(75,680)	\$	345,857	\$	79,767
2010 Certificates		4,236,000		-		(193,000)		4,043,000		193,000
Notes Payable		117,427				(34,651)		82,776		24,387
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	4,774,964	\$		\$	(303,331)	\$	4,471,633	\$	297,154
Discretely Presented Componenty	, Unii	ts (DPCU)								
EDC:										
Note Payable	\$	268,046	\$	-	\$	(21,820)	\$	246,226	\$	24,537
TQIC:										
Note Payable		19,142		-		(19,142)		-		-
Total DPCU	\$	287,188	\$	_	\$	(40,962)	\$	246,226	\$	24,537

NOTE 7 -- DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements on these bonds as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							Discretely Presented Component Units						
		Private Placement						Direct Bo	ing					
		Notes Payable						Note P	ayabl	e				
Year Ending														
September 30,	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest		Total	P	rincipal	I1	nterest		Total		
2022	\$	66,669	\$	16,702	\$	83,371	\$	24,537	\$	7,638	\$	32,175		
2023		68,982		14,388		83,370		25,346		6,829		32,175		
2024		71,378		11,993		83,371		26,181		5,994		32,175		
2025		51,050		9,513		60,563		27,044		5,131		32,175		
2026		52,663		7,901		60,564		27,938		4,237		32,175		
2027-2031		205,491		17,702		223,193		115,180		7,421		122,601		
Total	\$	516,233	\$	78,199	\$	594,432	\$	246,226	\$	37,250	\$	283,476		

		Private P	laceme	ent		Private P	ent		
		Certificates				Notes 1	e		
Year Ending									
September 30,	Prin	cipal	In	Interest		incipal	Interest		Total
2022	\$ 2	272,767	\$	16,523	\$	24,387	\$	3,556	\$ 317,233
2023	2	277,075		12,099		25,429		2,513	317,116
2024	2	281,615		7,166		26,516		1,427	316,724
2025	2	286,400		2,522		6,444		293	295,659
2026	1	193,000		-		-		-	193,000
2027-2031	9	965,000		-		-		-	965,000
2032-2036	9	960,000		-		-		-	960,000
2037-2041	9	960,000		-		-		-	960,000
2042	1	193,000		-		-		-	193,000
Total	\$ 4,3	388,857	\$	38,310	\$	82,776	\$	7,789	\$ 4,517,732

NOTE 8 -- PENSION PLAN - TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

A. Plan Description

The City participates as one of 895 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com. All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

NOTE 8 -- PENSION PLAN - TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the member's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest. The retiring member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may also choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total member's contributions and interest.

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	108
Active Employees	30
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	61
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	17

C. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of member's total compensation, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The city's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the city and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The City matches employee contributions 2 to 1. The contribution rates for the City were 17.88% and 16.52% for calendar years 2020 and 2021 respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$192,622, and were equal to the required contributions.

D. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 8 -- PENSION PLAN – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year Overall Payroll Growth 2.75% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2109 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

NOTE 8 -- PENSION PLAN – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
		Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20%	4.14%
Real Return	10%	3.85%
Real Estate	10%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10%	3.48%
Private Equity	10%	7.75%
	100%	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTE 8 -- PENSION PLAN – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

G. Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	tal Pension Liability	n Fiduciary et Position	Net Pension Liability		
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 3,485,116	\$ 2,959,401	\$	525,715	
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost	207,625	-		207,625	
Interest	234,458	-		234,458	
Change of Benefit Terms	-	-		-	
Difference Between Expected and					
Actual Experience	(457)	-		(457)	
Changes of Assumptions	-	-		-	
Contributions - Employer	-	188,923		(188,923)	
Contributions - Employee	-	73,963		(73,963)	
Net Investment Income	-	224,283		(224,283)	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds					
of Employee Contributions	(230,944)	(230,944)		-	
Administrative Expense	-	(1,454)		1,454	
Other Changes	-	(57)		57	
Net Changes	210,682	254,714		(44,032)	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 3,695,798	\$ 3,214,115	\$	481,683	

H. Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Disc	Discount Rate 5.75%		Discount Rate 6.75%		Discount Rate 7.75%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	940,346	\$	481,683	\$	103,756	

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

J. Pension Expense

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$113,474.

NOTE 8 -- PENSION PLAN - TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

K. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Dafamad

		Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of			Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources		
Differences between Expected and		_		_	
Actual Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	180	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		-	
Differences Between Projected and					
Actual Investment Earnings		-		82,326	
Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		137,942		-	
	\$	137,942	\$	82,506	

The City reported \$137,942 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date (December 31, 2020) that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31,	
2021	\$ (30,766)
2022	3,372
2023	(50,207)
2024	(4,905)
Thereafter	 -
	\$ (82,506)

NOTE 9 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group- term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post-employment benefit," or OPEB.

NOTE 9 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Membership in the plan at December 31, 2020, the valuation and measurement date, consisted of:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	13
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	2
Active Employees	30
	45

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. The following key assumptions were used in developing the actuarial valuation:

Inflation Salary Increases Discount Rate Administrative Expenses	 2.50% 3.50% to 11.50% Including Inflation 2.0% (Fidelity Index's 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index) All administrative expenses are paid throe the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In additional, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The City's contributions to TMRS were \$4,682 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 and were equal to the required contributions. The SDBF required contribution rates were as follows:

	Total SDBF	Retiree Portion to SDBF
Calendar Year	Contribution Rate	Contribution Rate
2021	0.45%	0.32%
2020	0.31%	0.14%

NOTE 9 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) (Continued)

The City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL), based on the above actuarial factors, as of December 31, 2020 was calculated as follows:

	To	tal OPEB
	Ι	Liability
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	104,147
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		4,860
Interest		2,911
Change of Benefit Terms		-
Difference Between Expected and		
Actual Experience		(19,532)
Changes of Assumptions		10,856
Benefit Payments		(1,478)
Net Changes		(2,383)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	101,764

There is no separate trust maintained to fund this Total OPEB Liability. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

The following presents the TOL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2% as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Di	Discount Rate 1.0%		Discount Rate 2.0%		Discount Rate 3.0%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	119,502	\$	101,764	\$	87,700	

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$6,820. Also as of September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	25,899	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		14,290		-	
Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		2,655		-	
	\$	16,945	\$	25,899	
		•		•	

NOTE 9 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$2,655 is related to OPEB benefits resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the plan year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31,	
2021	\$ (1,683)
2022	(6,146)
2023	(3,408)
2024	(372)
2025	-
Thereafter	 <u>-</u>
	\$ (11,609)

NOTE 10 -- INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose	
Water Utility	General Fund	\$ 320,119	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	
Wastewater Utility	General Fund	532,638	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	
Debt Service	Wastewater Utility	290,200	In Support of Debt Service	
		\$ 1,142,957		

In addition, the following balances were owed between funds at September 30, 2021:

Due From	Due to	 Amount	Purpose
Sanitation	General Fund	\$ 16,574	Short-term pooled cash loan
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	 5,612	Collections on behalf of
		\$ 22,186	

NOTE 11 -- CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 12 -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The City contracts with the Texas Municipal League (TML) to provide insurance coverage for property and casualty, and workers compensation. TML is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop-loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by TML. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contributed amounts. There were no significant changes in coverage during fiscal year 2021.

NOTE 13 -- COMMITMENTS

Long-term Contracts

In 1964, the City signed a water supply contract with the San Patricio Municipal Water District ("District"). The agreement has been amended several times with the current version dated in 2013. The term of the agreement is for 30 years or until the District bonds are no longer outstanding, whichever is later. The cost of the water will be based on the District's annual budget.

In August 2020, the City contracted with Allegiance Mobile Health ("Allegiance") to provide EMS services within the City. Allegiance will provide one mobile intensive care unit in Taft and deliver services 24/7/365. Allegiance will bill patients for services and receive all revenues. In addition, the City will subsidize the operations of Allegiance with bi-monthly payments of \$29,167 for the term of the agreement, which is three years with two one year mutual options. The City may terminate the agreement with 30 days notice and Allegiance may terminate the agreement with 90 days notice.

NOTE 14 -- LITIGATION

The City is the subject of various claims and litigation that have arisen in the course of its operations. Management is of the opinion that the City's liability in these cases, if decided adversely to the City, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position because of insurance coverage.

NOTE 15 -- PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City has recorded several adjustments to the 2020 financial report to correct errors and also to change their accounting for municipal court fines. Previously, the City recorded an estimated receivable for court fines for warrants issued. Because of the low collection rate and high degree of estimation, the City decided to discontinue the accrual. The prior period adjustments are summarized as follows:

	General	Nonmajor	
Governmental Funds	Fund	Governmental	
Beginning Fund Balance, as Previously Reported	\$ 554,826	\$ 274,204	
Understated Accrued Wages	(32,855)	-	
Overstated (Understated) Accounts Payable	5,594	(5,818)	
Understated Prepaid Items	191,940	-	
Overstated Accounts Receivable	(32,215)	-	
Overstated Deferred Revenue	201,439	-	
Deficit Fund Balance in Nonmajor Fund	(119,862)	119,862	
Beginning Fund Balance, Restated	\$ 768,867	\$ 388,248	
		W	G '4 - 4'
D	W . F 1	Wastewater	Sanitation
Proprietary Funds	Water Fund	Fund	Fund
Beginning Net Position, as Previously Reported	\$ 350,220	\$ 578,066	\$ (126,787)
Understated Accrued Wages	(4,918)	(2,954)	(3,198)
Overstated (Understated) Accounts Payable	(21.002)	(2 (22 4)	107,365
Overstated Accounts Receivable	(21,803)	(36,224)	(35,090)
Beginning Net Position, Restated	\$ 323,499	\$ 538,888	\$ (57,710)
	Governmental	Business-Type	Economic
Government-Wide Statements	Activities	Activities	Development
Beginning Net Position, as Previously Reported	\$ 5,969,860	\$ 801,499	\$ 442,583
Understated Accrued Wages	(32,855)	(11,070)	-
Overstated (Understated) Accounts Payable	(224)	107,365	-
Understated Prepaid Items	191,940	-	-
Overstated Accounts Receivable	(32,215)	(93,117)	(8,384)
Removal of Court Fines Receivable	(52,222)	- -	-
Overstated Deferred Revenue	201,439	-	_
Understated Long Term Debt	(121,855)		
Beginning Net Position, Restated	\$ 6,123,868	\$ 804,677	\$ 434,199

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Plan Years
- Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years
- Schedule of Changes in Total Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios



CITY OF TAFT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 611,000	\$ 634,927	\$ 516,817	\$ (118,110)
Sales and Mixed Beverage Taxes	300,000	300,000	293,322	(6,678)
Franchise Taxes	118,500	121,549	120,932	(617)
Occupancy Tax	3,500	3,725	3,725	-
Licenses and Permits	90,100	95,514	67,974	(27,540)
Grants and Donations	35,000	556,399	232,010	(324,389)
Fines and Forfeitures	54,900	65,245	89,887	24,642
Rental Income	33,500	39,872	30,368	(9,504)
Investment Earnings	50	50	27	(23)
Miscellaneous	135,650	157,193	164,433	7,240
TOTAL REVENUES	1,382,200	1,974,474	1,519,495	(454,979)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	516,074	720,940	678,232	42,708
Court	59,812	60,670	58,704	1,966
Administration	112,039	113,196	30,217	82,979
City Secretary	61,770	64,263	45,883	18,380
Finance	204,930	205,120	200,286	4,834
Tax Collection	18,500	18,500	13,899	4,601
Police	683,165	694,888	680,951	13,937
Fire Department	19,600	23,535	8,270	15,265
EMS	180,000	180,000	175,000	5,000
Vector Control	3,528	5,782	5,404	378
Streets	138,159	187,090	172,376	14,714
Inspections	54,100	110,972	84,337	26,635
Animal Control	63,228	65,087	49,651	15,436
Code Enforcement	52,228	54,169	41,176	12,993
Vehicle Maintenance	71,110	79,235	79,114	121
Parks	64,032	69,174	65,474	3,700
Community Center	20,899	25,197	21,683	3,514
Library	65,471	66,315	51,962	14,353
Capital Outlay	49,000	451,949	442,794	9,155
Debt Service:				
Principal	22,045	22,045	22,045	-
Interest	3,755	3,755	3,505	250
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,463,445	3,221,882	2,930,963	290,919
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,081,245)	(1,247,408)	(1,411,468)	(164,060)
				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of Notes Payable	-	346,987	346,987	-
Transfers In	1,292,045	1,292,045	852,757	(439,288)
Sales of Capital Assets	200	200		(200)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	1,292,245	1,639,232	1,199,744	(439,488)
Net Change in Fund Balance	211,000	391,824	(211,724)	(603,548)
Fund Balances, Beginning	554,826	554,826	554,826	-
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	214,041	214,041
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 765,826	\$ 946,650	\$ 557,143	\$ (389,507)

CITY OF TAFT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN PLAN YEARS*

	Total Pension Liability							
		2014		2015	2016			2017
Service Cost	\$	178,906	\$	166,770	\$	164,979	\$	182,378
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		183,803		192,863		209,567		213,745
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-
Difference between Expected		(01 571)		26.416		(157.054)		(122)
and Actual Experience		(81,571)		36,416		(157,954)		(123)
Change of Assumptions		-		101,816		-		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		(142 727)		(142.526)		(152 201)		(174.425)
Employee Contributions		(142,737)		(142,536)		(152,381)		(174,425)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		138,401		355,329		64,211		221,575
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	2,604,671 2,743,072	•	2,743,072 3,098,401	•	3,098,401 3,162,612	\$	3,162,612 3,384,187
Total Pension Liability - Ending		2,743,072	\$	3,098,401	\$	3,102,012	<u> </u>	3,364,167
				Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Contributions - Employer	\$	104,293	\$	119,931	\$	118,619	\$	142,494
Contributions - Employee		77,790		74,499		69,486		68,933
Net Investment Income		114,128		3,171		149,095		330,661
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of								
Employee Contributions		(142,737)		(142,536)		(152,381)		(174,425)
Administrative Expense		(1,191)		(1,930)		(1,679)		(1,712)
Other		(98)		(95)		(91)		(86)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		152,185		53,040		183,049		365,865
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		1,994,730	Φ.	2,146,915	Φ.	2,199,955	Φ.	2,383,004
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	2,146,915	\$	2,199,955	\$	2,383,004	\$	2,748,869
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	596,157	\$	898,446	\$	779,608	\$	635,318
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		78.27%		71.00%		75.35%		81.23%
Covered Payroll	\$	1,111,280	\$	1,064,265	\$	992,656	\$	984,762
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		53.65%		84.42%		78.54%		64.51%

^{*}GASB 68 requires 10 years of data to be provided in this schedule. The City will develop the schedule prospectively as data becomes available.

-	-		-				
Total	ν_{ϵ}	ension		10	hı	11	•

2018	 2019	2020		
\$ 168,576	\$ 208,017	\$	207,625	
225,316	229,330		234,458	
-	-		-	
(75,996)	(106,121)		(457)	
	8,098		-	
(260,923)	(295,368)		(230,944)	
56,973	43,956		210,682	
3,384,187	3,441,160		3,485,116	
\$ 3,441,160	\$ 3,485,116	\$	3,695,798	

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Pla	n Fidi	ıciary Net Posi	tion	
2018		2019		2020
\$ 140,360	\$	176,267	\$	188,923
61,237		72,952		73,963
(82,359)		402,386		224,283
(260,923)		(295,368)		(230,944)
(1,591)		(2,276)		(1,454)
(84)		(67)		(59)
(143,360)		353,894		254,712
2,748,869		2,605,509		2,959,403
\$ 2,605,509	\$	2,959,403	\$	3,214,115
\$ 835,651	\$	525,713	\$	481,683
75.72%		84.92%		86.97%
\$ 874,813	\$	1,042,171	\$	1,056,618
95.52%		50.44%		45.59%

CITY OF TAFT SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

				ntributions						
			in	Relation				Contributions		
				to the				as a		
	A	ctuarially	A	ctuarially	Contr	ibution		Percentage		
Fiscal Year Ending	De	etermined	De	etermined	Defi	ciency	Covered	of Covered		
September 30,	Coı	ntributions	Co	ntributions	(Excess)		(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
2016	\$	114,529	\$	114,529	\$	-	\$ 1,020,793	11.2%		
2017		120,783		120,783		-	1,000,324	12.1%		
2018		132,585		132,585		-	985,310	13.5%		
2019		139,238		139,238		-	894,088	15.6%		
2020		181,294		181,294		-	1,029,037	17.6%		
2021		192,622		192,622		-	1,135,666	17.0%		

^{*}GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. The City will develop the schedule prospectively as data becomes available.

CITY OF TAFT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN PLAN YEARS*

		Total OPE	B Lia	ability	
	2017	2018		2019	 2020
Service Cost	\$ 3,742	\$ 3,674	\$	3,439	\$ 4,860
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	3,017	3,031		4,736	2,911
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-		-	-
Difference between Expected					
and Actual Experience	-	35,500		(43,046)	(19,532)
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs	5,693	(5,130)		13,650	10,856
Benefit Payments	 (689)	(612)		(1,146)	(1,478)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	11,763	36,463		(22,367)	(2,383)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 78,288	 90,051		126,514	 104,147
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 90,051	\$ 126,514	\$	104,147	\$ 101,764
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 984,762	\$ 874,813	\$	1,042,171	\$ 1,056,618
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	9.14%	14.46%		9.99%	9.63%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of data to be provided in this schedule. The City will develop the schedule prospectively as data becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in of GASB Codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits.

CITY OF TAFT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Budgetary Information

The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device. Annual budgets are adopted for all governmental funds except the capital projects funds. Project-length financial plans are adopted for capital projects funds.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. The city manager may transfer budgeted amounts within departments within any fund; however, transfers between departments and funds must be approved by City Council.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments must be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Pension Plan

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, thirteen (13) months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 25 Years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year Smoothed Market; 12% Soft Corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.5% Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's

plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant

to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2018.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality

Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis

with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB (10) mortality tables, with the public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table

used for females. The rates are projected on a fully

generational basis with scale UMP.

Other Information

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

CITY OF TAFT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Other Postemployment Benefit

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% Including Inflation

Discount Rate 2.0% (Fidelity Index's 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index)

Administrative Expenses All administrative expenses are paid throe the Pension Trust and accounted for

under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality Rates - Service Retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on

a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for

males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In additional, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future

mortality improvements subject to the floor.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes combining nonmajor individual fund statements which are not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements.

Such statements and schedules include:

• Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

CITY OF TAFT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Firemens' Fund		Child Safety		Municipal Court		Pride of Taft	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (net of allowances): Sales Tax Other Due from Other Funds		04,438	\$	11,007	\$	135,083	\$	- - - -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1.	52,184	\$	11,007	\$	135,083	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,327	\$	-
Unearned Revenue		33,000				-		_
Total Liabilities		33,000		-		18,327		-
Fund Balance: Restricted For:								
Municipal Court		_		_		116,756		_
Animal Control		-		-		-		-
Fire Department	1	19,184		_		-		-
Police Department		-		11,007		-		-
Street Maintenance		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances	1	19,184		11,007		116,756		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$ 1	52,184	\$	11,007	\$	135,083	\$	

S	pecial Rev					
A	Animal			Total		
(Control		Street		onmajor	
Do	nations	Ma	intenance		Funds	
\$	29,190	\$	136,980	\$	416,698	
Ψ	_,,1,0	4	120,700	Ψ	.10,000	
	_		12,922		12,922	
	-		-		47,746	
	-		5,612		5,612	
-						
\$	29,190	\$	155,514	\$	482,978	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,327	
	=		-		33,000	
	-		-		51,327	
	-		-		116,756	
	29,190		_		29,190	
	•		_		119,184	
	_		-		11,007	
	_		155,514		155,514	
	29,190		155,514		431,651	
					· ·	
\$	29,190	\$	155,514	\$	482,978	

CITY OF TAFT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds										
		Police		Pride							
	Firemens'	Donations	Municipal	of							
	Fund	& Forfeitures	Court	Taft							
REVENUES											
Sales Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
Grants and Donations	51,433	84	-	-							
Fines and Forfeitures	-	336	14,369	-							
TOTAL REVENUES	51,433	420	14,369								
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Police	-	500	-	-							
Fire Department	2,985	-	-	-							
Streets	-	-	-	-							
Animal Control	-	-	-	-							
Parks	-	-	-	11,703							
Capital Outlay	19,414	-	-	-							
Debt Service:											
Principal	15,678	-	-	-							
Interest	7,812	-	-	-							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	45,889	500		11,703							
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,544	(80)	14,369	(11,703)							
Fund Balances, Beginning	113,640	11,087	(17,475)	11,703							
Prior Period Adjustment			119,862								
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 119,184	\$ 11,007	\$ 116,756	\$ -							

;	Special Rev	enue l	Funds		
P	Animal				Total
C	Control		Street	N	onmajor
Do	nations	Ma	Maintenance		Funds
\$	-	\$	73,330	\$	73,330
	-		-		51,517
	-				14,705
	=		73,330		139,552
	-		-		500
	-		-		2,985
	-		33,460		33,460
	4,597		-		4,597
	-		-		11,703
	-		-		19,414
	-		-		15,678
					7,812
	4,597		33,460		96,149
	(4,597)		39,870		43,403
	33,787		121,462		274,204
	-		(5,818)		114,044
\$	29,190	\$	155,514	\$	431,651



COMPLIANCE SECTION



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council and management City of Taft

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Taft as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Taft's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Taft's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Taft's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Taft's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Taft's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of City of Taft in a separate letter dated April 29, 2022.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vauspin of Associates, P.C.

April 29, 2022

